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ESSAY-Test 2 निबन्ध-परिक्षा 2 CSE 2024

कार्यालय के प्रयोग हेतु
For Office Use

निर्धारित समय: तीन घंटे
Time Allowed: Three Hours

अधिकतम अंक: 250
Maximum Marks: 250

General Instructions

This question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet contains 32 pages. Question Paper in detachable form is available at the end of the QCA Booklet which can be taken away by the candidate after examination.

Two blank pages (Page Nos. 31-32) have been provided for rough work.

On receipt of the Booklet, please check that this QCA Booklet does not have any shortcomings, torn or missing pages, etc. If so, get it replaced with a fresh QCA Booklet.

सामान्य अनुदेश

इस प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर (क्यू० सी० ए०) पुस्तिका में 32 पृष्ठ हैं। प्रश्न-पत्र क्यू० सी० ए० पुस्तिका के अन्त में संलग्न है, जो अलग (वियोज्य) किया जा सकता है और उम्मीदवार परीक्षा के उपरांत अपने साथ ले जा सकते हैं।

रफ कार्य के लिए दो खाली पृष्ठ (पृष्ठ सं० 31-32) दिए गए हैं।

पुस्तिका प्राप्त होने पर, कृपया यह जाँच कर लें कि इस क्यू० सी० ए० पुस्तिका में कोई कमी न हो, फटा हुआ पृष्ठ न हो अथवा कोई पृष्ठ गायब न हो इत्यादि। यदि ऐसा हो, तो इसके बदले नई क्यू० सी० ए० पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।

(To be filled by candidate)

All fields mandatory

(Inaccurate/Incomplete information may lead to delay in the evaluation process)

Name of Candidate : ADITYA VIKRAM AGARWAL

Next IAS Roll No. : GSMACT24A1094 Phone No. :

Test Code → TC- 062

Date of Examination : 9th September 2024

Exam Centre : Old Rajinder Nagar ☐

Jaipur ☐

Prayagraj ☐

Online ☒

निरीक्षक के हस्ताक्षर
Invigilator's Signature

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Student's Queries for the Evaluator (if any write them below)

Evaluator's response

प्राप्तांक के विवरण (परीक्षक द्वारा भरा जाए) / Marks Details [To be filled by the Examiner(s)]

	निबन्ध विषय सं० Essay Topic No.	अंक Marks	
खण्ड-A Section-A			
खण्ड-B Section-B			
सकल योग/Grand Total			

Your performance vis-a-vis other examinees-

Front Runner	Achiever	Aspirant

Parameters	Exemplary	Good	Average	Needs Improvement
Understanding				
Coherence				
Lucidity				
Structuring				
Presentation				



Parameters	Exemplary	Good	Average	Needs Improvement
Understanding				
Coherence				
Lucidity				
Structuring				
Presentation				

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खण्ड-A / Section-A

- Q.1 The function of education is to teach one to think intensively and to think critically.
शिक्षा का कार्य व्यक्ति को गहनता और आलोचनात्मक ढंग से सोचना सिखाना है।
- Q.2 Life is what happens when you're busy making other plans.
जब आप अन्य योजनाएँ बनाने में व्यस्त होते हैं, तब जो घटित होता है, वही जीवन है।
- Q.3 The heaviest penalty for declining to rule is to be ruled by someone inferior.
शासन करने से इनकार करने की सबसे बड़ी सजा किसी निम्नतर व्यक्ति द्वारा शासित होना है।
- Q.4 Competition is the law of the jungle, but cooperation is the law of civilization.
प्रतिस्पर्धा, जंगल का कानून है और सहयोग, सभ्यता का कानून है।

4. competition is the law of the jungle, but cooperation is the law of civilization

During ~~Pleistocene~~ Pliocene epoch, around 4 million years ago, Australopithecines competed with other animals for survival.

This led to the development of new traits along with emergence of culture.

The increased brain size, upright posture and ability to make tools helped early humans to outcompete the other species and survive in the wild. However, they were still considered savage. The development

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from savagery to civilization has been due to formation of complex socio-cultural organisation underlined by cooperation. The cooperation helped to invent agriculture and gave way for settled lifestyle.

This evolution of humans from apes to homo sapiens comprised competition in the jungle and cooperation to develop civilization. In this essay, we will see how competition and cooperation have shaped our world and how it impacts our interactions. we will also see the emerging issues shaped by competition and the need for cooperation to resolve the same.

Competition refers to the ~~the~~ inner strive to do better than others. It is mainly to gain better access to resources. The concept has emerged

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from the 'survival of the fittest' given by Darwin where intra-species and inter-species competition take space in the realm of the world. Today, it can be seen in various fields such as politics, economics, technology among others.

In politics, candidates compete against each other to gain political power. They apply several tactics ranging from lofty promises to discourses on the issues plaguing the society. They may even take unfair means such as use of money and muscle power to gain power. This is similar to the jungle - where an animal tries to attain power within the species.

Economic competition refers to the companies or two economies competing to have better economic output — more wealth, profits etc. This is akin

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to animal behaviour of competition for scarce resources within the jungle and desire to attain the maximum possible.

Competition within the society has been continuous since old times. This is for better social mobility and to gain a higher status. Competing for better jobs or wealth is the law of the societies that seek to continuously achieve better.

Competition among different nations can be seen since old times. Attack by different kingdoms on one other was motivated by desire to appropriate more resources. This competition today has culminated into competition to have better technology, space and defence infrastructure as well as robust economies. This competition has however led to several impacts on human

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beings and their societies.

IMPACTS OF THE COMPETITION

There have been positive as well as negative impacts of these competitive nature on the human beings. In a positive way, they have strived to do better than others leading to a developed human. These impacts have multidimensional nature.

Technologically, competition has helped to develop better and more sophisticated advanced technology. The competition in sphere of Artificial Intelligence, space, defence, Quantum realm, biotechnology has helped to advance these fields. This, in turn, has helped to solve various challenges and improved quality of life. However, this has also brought about new challenges.

Advancement in technology has also threatened the very existence of human

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being today. Wars and other geopolitical issue threaten the use of advanced technologies — nuclear bombs, drones, missiles that could have catastrophic impacts on human life.

The competition among nations to be better than others have led to improvement in efficiencies in their manufacturing or agriculture sector. This has been due to increased globalisation and thereby exports of these commodities. However, protectionism and trade war is also an outcome of this competition.

Competition can also impact self. This could lead to constant mode of engagement without time for self introspection. This could lead to self harm leading to anxiety and stress in the human. To overcome such

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negative effects of the competition, cooperation as a means was adopted by human. While in competition, the both parties suffer or gain at the cost of other; In the cooperation - both parties gain from other.

COOPERATION AS THE LAW OF CIVILISATION
Cooperation has helped human to continue on the path of civilization and causing minimal harm to others.

It has helped us grow from earlier societies that were small and segregated to the modern world that is composed to large population interdependent and cooperating with the others.

Transportation and telecommunication has improved contact with others.

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This has helped in cooperating with others to improve our life. Globalisation led by the 'principle of comparative advantage' has helped in tightly linked supply chain — improving our outcome and productivity.

Cooperation in technology — by means of working together has helped in this regard. The Indo-US deal on ICET — initiative on critical and Emerging Technology showcases this cooperation to developed technology. Russia and US despite on the opposite sides during cold-war, cooperated on the space technologies. This led to exploration of outer space and our improved understanding of this world.

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Today, we face several emerging issues necessitating our cooperation. These issues range from terrorism, cyberspace, climate change and geopolitical tensions. Cooperation in the resolution of these issues is necessary for human survival. Creation of UNFCCC is an example of this.

Climate change caused by mindless competition by economies around the world has led to increased intensity and duration of disasters. Cooperation is necessary to reduce the greenhouse gases in the atmosphere by developing cleaner and greener technologies.

These technologies will also help resolve common issues of poverty, hunger and inequality around the world. Cooperation to develop more resilient agriculture, disaster resilient infrastructure and inclusion of all communities to develop

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solutions in this regard.

Competition today rather than being a factor of positive change is leading to adoption of wrong means to achieve more. Use of hate politics, radicalisation, fake news is leading to divisions among the society. The issues of regionalism, communalism and terrorism have emerged from this.

Cooperation is therefore necessary to reduce these negative issues of society. Human has moved out of the jungle and competition is no longer a necessity. It is time to cooperate on the issues faced by world today to develop solutions for the same.

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NEXT IAS**खण्ड-B / Section-B**

- Q.5 Not everything that is faced can be changed, but nothing can be changed until it is faced.
सामना की जाने वाली हर चीज को परिवर्तित नहीं किया जा सकता, किंतु जब तक सामना न किया जाए, तब तक कुछ भी बदला नहीं जा सकता।
- Q.6 The road to success and the road to failure are almost exactly the same.
सफलता की राह और असफलता का मार्ग लगभग एक ही है।
- Q.7 To be or not to be, that is the question.
होना या न होना, यही प्रश्न है।
- Q.8 Wisdom is to live in tune with the mode of the changing world.
बुद्धिमानी बदलती दुनिया के साथ तालमेल बिठाकर जीने में ही है।

M.S. Swaminathan is called as the 'father of green Revolution' in India. He revolutionised the agriculture sector and helped India achieve food security saving millions of lives being affected by hunger. However, this feat was ~~once~~ difficult to achieve. Initially he wanted to become a biologist. He saw the Bengal famine of 1941-42 but could not do anything to change it at that time. This incident along

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with inspiration from Gandhiji guided his path. He changed himself and became an agricultural scientist. PM Modi called him a 'Kisan Vigyanik' (farmer scientist) instead of 'Krishi Vigyanik' (agricultural scientist).

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This story showcases how not everything can be changed when we face it but a person can change things if he has determination and will to change it. In this essay, we will see instances from history where such situations have occurred along with how a person can make herself capable to change things.

Earth has undergone different weather conditions over the years. It has seen several periods of glaciation. The current climate marks the distinction of being warmer with receding glaciers.

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Humans had limited capacity to adapt to changing weather patterns. They utilised their innovative capacity to develop new tools and techniques. This helped them survive harsh environments even if they were incapable of changing everything around them. Small changes such as agricultural development, complex socio-political systems and advanced tools helped in this regard.

Modern History is rife with examples on how humans still faced social evils in the society. Despite developing modern systems, several issues plagued the society. These were not changed because they were not faced by the people themselves. However, certain social reformers took it upon themselves to make a change in the society.

I.C. Vidyasagar, Raja Rammohan Roy, B.R. Ambedkar worked towards uprooting

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the evils faced by women and lower castes of the society. Even if they could not change everything that was faced by the society, they certainly started a discourse that led to large scale changes.

The Indian freedom struggle is marked by decades of revolts and rebellion against the colonial rule. The tribal and farmer revolts in different parts of the country such as Chhotanagpur, Gangetic Belt and Bengal were unable to uproot the British Empire in its entirety but they surely made a dent in the British administration. There were several changes that were introduced in the Colonial laws such as Chhotanagpur Tenancy Act, Santhal Parganas Act

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that made the life better than before.

Women have been facing discrimination from a long time. Patriarchal attitude and dominance of men over women have led to non-involvement of women in decision making. The changes in life of women have been due to several small initiatives and movements over the years.

Simone de Beauvoir, a French writer, in her work '~~Second Sex~~ (1949)' challenged the idea of women in passive roles. This led to emergence of feminist movement in France for equal abortion rights.

Several movements aim at incremental positive changes in the world. The movement by Greta Thunberg may not have been able ~~can~~ to completely stop the greenhouse gas emissions but it certainly started a discussion on

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the impacts of climate change faced by the world. According to world inequality Report by Oxfam, richest 1% individual are responsible for as much as emission as poorest 50%. No changes are brought about these rich people because they do not face the climate change disasters.

A person is willing to change himself only when they face uncomfortable situations. Issues such as poverty and hunger do not garner much efforts towards eradication because people with resource who have the capability to solve them do not work towards it. This is because they do not face these issues.

A person may be willing to

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bring out a positive change but may be ~~demot~~ demotivated to see the scale of the issue. He must understand that he may be unable to change everything but small efforts are surely going to make a difference.

This attitude can be seen in the life of a person in everyday life. Spilling of waste in the open or jumping red light during early hours may not seem to change much but these accumulate into big things. Development of similar attitude among others lead to large scale waste pile up in the open and non following of traffic rules. Only when people face these issues later do they think about making a change. Until then, no effort is made to make a change.

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Understanding that 'not everything that we face can be changed' can make a difference. We must understand the small efforts of our individual actions in this regard. Taking inspiration from history, we must also make a positive change.

Adoption of right values of honesty, integrity and compassion can help in fulfilling our 'manav dharma'. Raising our voice for the undemocratic acts of our government is the duty of a citizen. Take an approach that least impacts the environment through conscious consumption and reducing the materialistic desires of life.

There are several issues that threaten the human survival today. Since they do not directly impact us today, they are not being acted

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upon and thus not changed. Issues such as climate change, geopolitical conflicts, biohazards, Antimicrobial resistance, AI, smuggling and trafficking impact the life of vulnerable populations.

Not many efforts are being made to change these. It is necessary to introspect and self contemplate the future consequences of such issues. It is necessary to understand that we may not be able to change everything but surely we will not be change anything until we face the issue ourselves.

~~Swami Vivekananda~~ Gandhiji said, "Be the change you want to see in the world". Adopting this philosophy and learning from the life of Dr. MS Swaminathan, we must strive to bring positive changes to change the world.

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Space for Rough Work

Competition — law of jungle, cooperation — law of civilization

Anecdote Human evolution — Australopithecines
competition with other Pleistocene epoch

Abolition — cooperation → civilization

Administration

Competition — to gain better access to resource

[emerged from jungle] → limited resources

— both suffer at cost of other —

✓ Political power

✓ Economic

✓ Society — better

Tech. — advancements

IR — countries — sway & influence
Multipolar/Unipolar

Impacts — +ve { better tech.
strive to ↑ efficiency
improvement in self.

Terrorism
ML
Security
Space

cooperation

Eco. — globⁿ — comparative adv.

Tech. — share to solve problⁿ

IR — fight common problems

Defence
Educⁿ
Health
Env.

+ve — more mind to solve problem
— growth.

-ve — societal/world
Trade war, protectionism
self harm — anxiety/stress
thinking to ↑ resources

-ve — reduced competition
incentive to invent better.

Today's issues — competing — society, religion, hate politics, fake news,
Wars
Need cooperation

How?

Space for Rough Work

Not everything that is faced can be changed, but nothing can be changed until it is faced

Anecdote MSS - famine Bengal 1941-42
 insp - couldn't change it
 ↳ British
 but inspired
 ↳ took on himself to face it
 - father of GR

- National Commission on farmers
 "Kisan raigyanile
 - kerishi"

Historical

periods of glaciation, pluviation → warm climate
 humans faced - adapted to it. Agri, complex sociology.

Modern H.

British rule - faced - changed "not everything"
 ↳ influence on society
social evils ✓ IC vidyasagar - women educ.
 D. Naoroji - Political consciousness.
 Lala Lajpat. ✓ B.R. Ambedkar - untouch.
 S.C. Bose. ✓ E.V. Ramaswamy