

# DAILY PT POINTERS

13th March, 2024



#### PIB - Defence

Prime Minister's Office





PM witnesses 'Bharat Shakti' - a Tri-Services Firing and Manoeuvre Exercise in Pokhran, Rajasthan

"Today, once again, Pokhran is witnessing the triveni of India's Aatmnirbharta, self-confidence and its glory"

"The idea of Viksit Bharat is unimaginable without Aatmanirbhar Bharat"

"Aatmanirbharta for India's defence needs is the guarantee of self-confidence in the armed forces"

"Viksit Rajasthan will give strength to Viksit Sena"

Posted On: 12 MAR 2024 3:40PM by PIB Delhi

#### News

 Prime Minister Narendra Modi visited the Pokhran firing range in Rajasthan to witness the Bharat Shakti exercise.

#### **Bharat Shakti Exercise**

- It demonstrated the prowess of indigenously manufactured defence equipment of the three services.
- LCA Tejas, ALH Mk-IV, LCH Prachand, mobile anti-drone system, BMP-II and its variants, NAMICA (Nag Missile Carrier), T90 tanks, Dhanush, K9 Vajra, and Pinaka rockets were among the platforms showcased at Pokhran, about 100 km from Jaisalmer city.
- Exercise Bharat Shakti simulated realistic, synergised, multi-domain operations displaying integrated operational capabilities of the Indian armed forces to counter threats across land, air, sea, cyber, and space domains.

#### **PIB – Polity and Governance**

Ministry of Women and Child Development





National Commission for Protection of Child Rights celebrates its 19th Foundation

Day

Posted On: 12 MAR 2024 7:53PM by PIB Delhi

#### News

 The National Commission for Protection of Child Rights (NCPCR) celebrated its 19<sup>th</sup> Foundation Day (12<sup>th</sup> March, 2024).

#### **About NCPCR**

- It was established in March 2007 under the **Commission** for Protection of Child Rights Act, 2005.
- It is a statutory body under the administrative control of the Ministry of Women & Child Development.
- This commission has a chairperson and six members of which at least two should be women.
- Mandate: It ensures that all Laws, Policies, Programmes, and Administrative Mechanisms align with the Child Rights perspective as enshrined in the Constitution of India and also the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child.
- A child is defined as a person falling in the age group of 0
  to 18 years.

#### The Hindu - Defence



India World Opinion Sports e-Paper

GIFT

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## India world's top arms importer between 2019-23: SIPRI

While European arms imports have shot up, France has emerged world's second largest arms exporter displacing Russia



#### News

- India was the world's top arms importer for the period 2019-23 with imports having gone up by 4.7% compared to the period 2014-18, according to the Swedish think tank, <u>Stockholm International Peace Research Institute</u> (SIPRI).
- Russia remained India's main arms supplier, accounting for 36% of its arms imports.

#### **Global Scenario**

- **Nine** of the 10 biggest arms importers in 2019–23, including the top 3 of India, Saudi Arabia and Qatar, were in Asia and Oceania or the Middle East.
- Ukraine became the fourth biggest arms importer globally.
- Arms exports of the world's largest supplier, U.S. grew by 17% between 2014–18 and 2019–23.
- **France** emerged as the world's second largest arms supplier as its exports grew by 47%.

The Hindu: Science and Technology

## What is nuclear waste and what are the challenges of handling it? | Explained



#### News

- Recently, India loaded the core of its <u>prototype fast</u> <u>breeder reactor</u> (PFBR) vessel, bringing it to the cusp of stage II of its three-stage nuclear programme.
- The large-scale use of nuclear power is accompanied by a difficult problem: waste management.

#### What is nuclear waste?

- Nuclear waste is made of radioactive atoms left over after large atoms split.
- When the uranium-235 (U-235) nucleus absorbs a neutron, it can fission to barium-144, krypton-89, and three neutrons.
- If the 'debris' (barium-144 and krypton-89) constitute elements that can't undergo fission, they become nuclear waste.

#### **Impact**

 Nuclear waste is highly radioactive and needs to be stored in facilities reinforced to prevent leakage into and/or contamination of the local environment.

#### **IE-Culture**

News / Explained / Explained Culture / GI tag for Majuli masks of Assam: History, cultural significance of the centuries-old art form

## GI tag for Majuli masks of Assam: History, cultural significance of the centuries-old art form

The masks have been made in Assam's sattras, or monasteries, since the 16th century. Now, efforts are on to give them wider exposure and a commercial boost.

#### News



 Majuli masks of Assam got the Geographical Indication (GI) tag.

#### What are Majuli masks?

- The handmade masks are traditionally used to depict characters in **bhaonas**, or theatrical performances with devotional messages under the **neo-Vaishnavite tradition**, introduced by the 15th-16th century reformer **saint Srimanta Sankardeva**.
- The masks can depict gods, goddesses, demons, animals and birds — Ravana, Garuda, Narasimha, Hanuman, Varaha Surpanakha all feature among the masks.
- The masks are made of bamboo, clay, dung, cloth, cotton, wood etc.

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GI tag for Majuli masks of Assam: History, cultural significance of the centuries-old art form









### What is the Majuli manuscript painting, which also received the GI tag?

- It is a form of painting also originating in the 16th century — done on sanchi pat, or manuscripts made of the bark of the sanchi or agar tree, using homemade ink.
- This art was patronised by the Ahom kings.

**IE: History and Culture** 

# Simplicity and modernisation: What the redeveloped Sabarmati Ashram seeks to achieve





#### News

- Prime Minister Modi laid the foundation for the redevelopment of Mahatma Gandhi's Sabarmati Ashram in Ahmedabad.
- Mahatma Gandhi set up five settlements during his lifetime — two in South Africa (Phoenix Settlement in Natal, and Tolstoy Farm outside Johannesburg), where he lived from 1893 to 1914, and three in India, where he arrived in 1915.

#### **Sabarmati Ashram**

- In **1917**, Gandhi founded the ashram at Sabarmati on the western bank of the **Sabarmati River**.
- Apart from the Dandi March that Gandhi began from here on March 12, 1930, he also launched the Champaran Satyagraha (1917), the Ahmedabad mills strike and Kheda Satyagraha (1918), the Khadi movement (1918), the Rowlatt Act and Khilafat Movements (1919), and the Non-Cooperation movement (1920) while living in Sabarmati.